

2940 Consent Form

Possible Side Effects:

- A low risk of prolonged itching, redness, and blistering.
- A risk of hyperpigmentation, hypopigmentation, burns, bruising, or blistering may occur, some of which may result in scarring. These complications usually are due to stacking pulses, or utilizing too many passes, at higher energy levels.
- Transient erythema (redness) or edema (swelling) immediately after treatment.
- Bronzing, which is brown debris on the surface of the skin, may develop a few days post treatment. This side effect is a desirable clinical end-point.
- Risk of infection following treatment, potentially resulting in side effects mentioned above.

I certify that I have read this document and that I agree with all provisions. I certify that I have

- Acne breakouts.
- Post-Inflammatory Hyperpigmentation (PIH).
- Reduced social downtime.

Physician Signature/Clinical Staff Signature

| had the opportunity to ask questions and these questions have been answered in full to my satisfaction. I fully understand the treatment conditions, the procedure and possible side effects. | |
|---|------------------------|
| Patient Signature | Date |
| I have explained the above statements to the patient and a | nswered all questions. |

Date



Laser Skin Resurfacing Post Instructions (2940)

- Immediately post-treatment, cool compresses may be used to soothe the skin. Refrigerated, saline-soaked gauzes are recommended.
- Keep the area moist with **Aquaphor** until inflammation or crusting resolves (about 5 days, but sometimes longer with more aggressive treatments. Ointment should be applied as often as necessary to keep the area moist. If proper healing occurs after this period, the ointment should be used as a spot treatment for areas of dryness.
- The use of a gentle cleanser twice a day is permitted after treatment.
- The use of Tretinoin (Retin-A) and topical corticosteroids should be avoided for 1-2 weeks after treatment.
- Soak treated areas for 15 minutes with wet gauze to gently remove debris every few hours for the first few days. This can be done in the shower. Treated areas should not be picked at or scrubbed.
- For the first 24 hours, or until sensitivity settles, a cool pack can be utilized. Never apply anything frozen directly to the skin.
- For 48-72 hours, keep head elevated at all times even while sleeping to help reduce swelling and pain. Head must be elevated above the heart. The normal response to this procedure is swelling of some degree. However, if there is excessive swelling or infection, contact your provider immediately.
- Aspirin, nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (NSAIDS), Naprosyn (naproxen), or any medication that prolongs bleeding time, may cause bruising and should not be used for pain management for 3-4 days after treatment. Tylenol (acetaminophen) can be used instead.
- Once the treatment area has initially healed, some itching or dryness may occur. This will gradually clear. The use of non-irritating ointments or moisturizers may provide some relief.
- Make-up can be applied to camouflage treatment area after re-epithelialization has occurred, typically in 2 to 10 days (depending on the level of treatment provided).
- During the first 2 weeks after treatment, new skin will begin to form and it is essential to avoid injury and sun exposure during that time. Those who are treated should practice sun avoidance for at least 4-6 weeks post procedure.
- Those who are treated should use sunblock with an SPF 45 or higher containing broad spectrum UVA-UVB protection along with zinc oxide or titanium dioxide whenever they are outside, reapplying when necessary. Applying sunscreen too early in the healing process (to skin that is not intact) can cause irritation resulting in prolonged redness. It is recommended that patients wait post-treatment until sunblock is no longer irritating the skin before resuming use.
- Small acne breakouts may occur during the first 4 post-treatment days. This may be related to a
 herpetic breakout or due to the occlusive ointment. Please call your provider if this occurs. You
 may be placed on a medication to treat cold sores or switched from an ointment to a cream
 based moisturizer.

Important Facts to Remember

- There will be redness, and occasionally, mild blistering of the treated areas lasting for several hours to 3-14 days. Pinkness can last 4-12 weeks or sometimes longer.
- The treated area might turn brown and will "crust" or "flake". This should resolve within 3-14 days.
- Each area to be treated usually requires two or more treatments approximately 4-12 weeks apart. It can take 6 months to see your final result.
- It might be impossible to remove the lesion forever. Even though the lesion may be diminished or "disappear" for longer periods of 3-6 months, it might return in the future. The fact that the lesion responded to treatment and was disabled for an extended period almost invariably means it will respond in the future.
- Hyperpigmentation (I.e. sun spots) may darken and take up to several weeks to improve or may not improve at all.
- A mottled appearance of the area can be normal as different areas heal faster than others. Mineral makeup can be applied if the skin is not disrupted or oozing.

Contact us immediately if any side effects occur. 302-355-1123